

CASE STUDY

Client Profile

Client is a Mumbai based Online Trading Company that provides financial services like BSE and NSE share market trading, free demat account opening, mutual fund.

It is a part of the group of companies which is offering a range of financial products and services such as [Wealth Management](#), Retail Broking and Distribution, Institutional Broking, Asset Management, [Private Equity](#), [Investment Banking](#), Commodity Broking and Home Finance.

Challenges

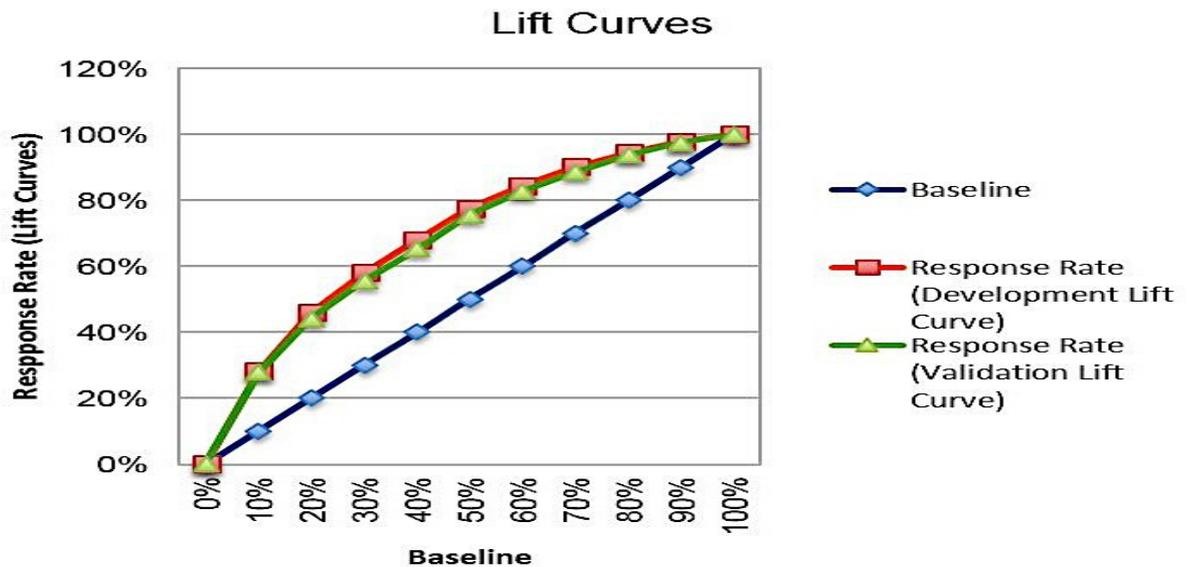
Clients business team builds online platforms and promotes it

There is currently no structured strategy for targeting potential clients

Our Deliverables

- Unified client data in one single system to offer a complete picture of the company's relationship with the customers.
- Easy collection and integration of data from different sources.
- Developed a predictive binary logistic regression model scoring the customer base which has the following key highlights
 - ✓ Predictive Power: - The model has predictive power to capture increased response rate percentages in the top10%, 20% and top 30% of scored population (In data with Response Rate of 1.8%approx).
 - ✓ Validation:- The hold out sample generated identical results peaking at the third decile or giving the best results in the top 30% of the population
 - ✓ Classification accuracy: - The responder - non responder classification of the model is very good in terms of accuracy
- Categorize, analyze and communicate with customers on the basis of the specific information and needs.
- Create workflow processes that ensure consistency.
- Improving the follow up process with the potential clients.

Model Performance



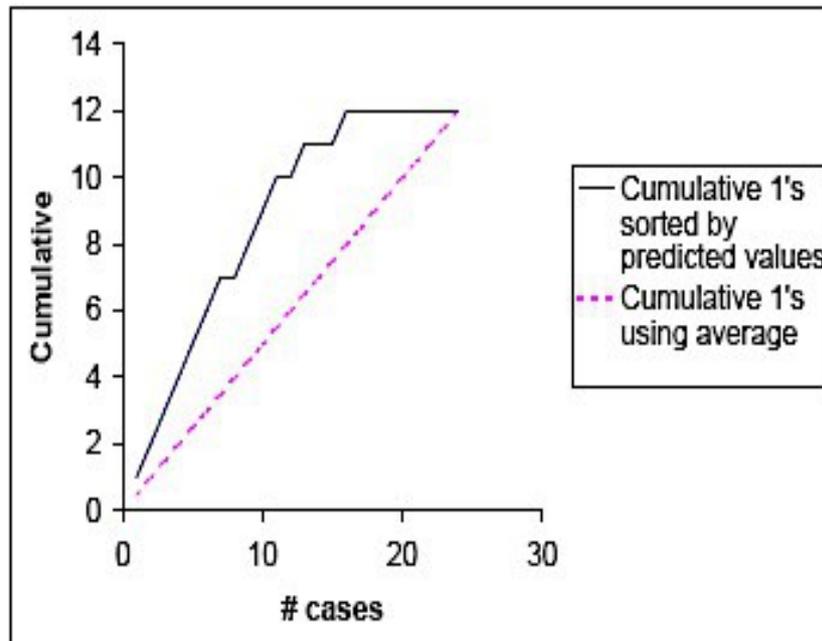
Lift - 93.5% (explained in below table)

	Deciles		
	1	2	3
Responders	417	681	862
Total population till decile	7,839	15,678	23,527
Response rate of the decile	5.3%	4.3%	3.7%
Response rate of total population	1.9	1.9	1.9
Difference in decile response rate with population	3.4	2.4	1.8
Increase in response rate in %	178.9%	126.3%	94.7%

Industry standard lift calculation and inference

- One useful way to think of a lift curve is to consider a data mining model that attempts to identify the likely responders to a campaign by assigning each case a "probability of responding" score.
- The lift curve helps us determine how effectively we can "skim the cream" by selecting a relatively small number of cases and getting a relatively large portion of the responders.
- It is convenient to look at the cumulative lift chart (sometimes called a gains chart) which summarizes all the information in these multiple classification matrices into a graph.

- The graph is constructed with the cumulative number of cases (in descending order of probability) on the x-axis and the cumulative number of true positives on the y-axis.
- True positives are those observations from the important class (here class 1) that are classified correctly. The figure gives the table of cumulative values of the class 1 classifications and the corresponding lift chart.



*The purple line (*Baseline) represents the expected number of positives a business would predict by simple selected cases at random (no strategy)*

Source : <https://www3.nd.edu/~busiforc/handouts/DataMining/Lift%20Charts.html>